THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME III---NUMBER 57

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 26, 1870.

Evening Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, August 25, 1870

Supreme Court Decisions.

The head notes of the Decisions of the Supreme Court, for the last term, are now ready, in pamphlet form, at this office. Price, one dollar.

School Books for Our Children.

The kind of education which our children receive is largely to determine the kind of men and women they are to become. In this matter no question is so important as the character of the text-books from which they are instructed. If these books are prejudiced and unfair; if the facts of history are misrepresented; if undue prominence is given to other parts of the country, then our children will grow up with false impressions and perverted ideas.

Whether intentionally so or not, the fact remains that Northern school-books are, almost without exception, unfair and prejudiced in their treatment of the South, its people and institutions. In some cases this is purposely so, while, at other times, it is only the natural result of the Northern education of the authors of the books; they have been so taught, and never having lived among our people do not know us. But in either case our children are wrongly taught when such books are used—a Northern spirit of antagonism and detraction pervades them generally. Such facts of history as the formation of our government, the Missouri Compromise, etc., are totally perverted, and even the character of the founders of our States is most abusively maligned. And when the history of the late war is attempted, "rebels" is the mildest term applied to us, almost every battle results in a northern victory, and all our purposes and designs receive the grossest misrepresentation. Even in some of the "Arithmetic examples," the most unlikely of places, the scholar is asked to calculate the number of "rebels" killed in such and such battles—the strength of the "rebel" armies, etc., etc. Can our children be permitted to make use of such text-books as these? Why, such misrepresentations and falsehoods are a crime against the nation; and their tendency is not towards peace and good will, but to produce strife and bloodshed. Can we permit our children to be taught that their fathers were "rebels" and "traitors?" The question answers itself.

We have been led to these remarks by an examination of many northern school books, and a comparison of them with the admirable "University Series" of text books, prepared by several of our most eminent and beloved Southern instructors, and published by the "University Publishing Company," of New York and Baltimore. Here are presented to us, at last, a series of books which are non-partisan and unsectional. No strife and ill-will can be found in their pages; no word of detraction of any part of our country or its people is permitted. The facts of history are impartially stated, the latest discoveries of science are incorporated, and all the most approved methods of instruction are employed.

When we add that the books are written by such men as Commodore M. F. Maury, whose fame has crossed every sea, and Professors Charles S. Venable, and George F. Holmes, and Schele DeVere, and Basil L. Gildersleeve, of the University of South Carolina, and others of equal eminence as instructors, who themselves graduated with the highest honors in the Universities of Germany, and have no superiors in their several departments of study—and that in these volumes Southern teachers will find the very best instruction, both in matter and manner, and Southern parents need have no fear of finding any surreptitious, or more open, abuse and villification, we believe we have said all that is necessary in favor of a series of books which appeals to the Southern people for support.

The Gold Bond Robbery.

Governor Bullock, in his personal organ yesterday, thinks we got heated over the gold bond robbery. That is not unnatural, whether it is a fact or not. It is enough to heat any honest man to see projects pushed for the plunder of the people, and we denounce this as a genuine scheme of plunder.

The sapient Governor thinks that the State gains largely by converting its past currency bonds into gold bonds, because the latter will sell for more. Unfortunately, *the State don't get the difference*, nor any compensation for it. This measure makes the State bestow upon the present owners of the bonds the gratuity of the advance of gold on greenbacks. It might well be looked into, whether bonds issued in the future to raise money for the State should not be in gold if they would bring nearer their value in market. But to issue gold bonds in place of currency bonds already issued, the bonds to be put in the hands of their present owners, and they to reap the benefit of the greater value of the gold bonds over currency bonds, when the State gets no benefit and incurs an extra indebtedness, is a simple swindle.

The Governor says:

"By issuing a bond, interest and principal payable in gold, we will be able to sell them in the market at par and above that rate. To offer a currency bond would not bring the State more than 87 to 90 cents on the dollar. Thus, by issuing a gold bond, the State will save over one hundred dollars on every thousand now, and will only pay for them when due twenty years hence."

This would do nicely if it were not unfortunately the case that, as the State's creditors get these new bonds and sell them, this one hundred dollars on every thousand goes to them instead of the State, and hence, instead of the State being saved this amount, it really pays it out unnecessarily, without equivalent and as a gift to its creditors.

It won't do, Governor. Those New York capitalists that own our currency bonds and want in their place gold bonds worth a tenth more, may see fine logic in your views; but the tax-payers of this State, who foot the bills, and pay the difference without equivalent, look through different spectacles, and will hold to a heavy responsibility those who vote away their money. And, futhermore, they will not hold him guiltless of a participation in the fruits of the robbery, who with his eyes open helps to perpetrate it. They will not be charitable enough to suppose that legislators or governors, or anybody else will knowingly do a wrong of this kind at the cost of the censure of the honest without a consideration.

It may be a very nice thing to lift the mortgage from the State Road, *particularly if anybody wants to sell or buy it*, but as the debt is the people's at last, whether in the shape of mortgage or bonds, they prefer to pay currency mortgages to the gold bonds put in their stead, particularly when the creditors, and not the State, will get that 15 per cent. premium on the gold, and the State will have to pay gold interest instead of currency interest. It won't do, Governor.

You may want to put the State Road in a saleable condition, (hurry up another libel suit for this) but the people are satisfied with the currency mortgages binding the property.

As for there being no politics in it, the Governor is too anxious to make that out as a part of his case for the Democracy to accept it. There is politics in it—the same politics of aggression upon the rights and property of the people that has marked the whole course of this Radical—not Republican—faction under Governor Bullock's lead.

But let us look into these currency bonds that are to be swapped for gold bonds, and see how the people are affected. The currency mortgage bonds are $3,900,000 due in 1886—in sixteen years. Gold is quoted at 17 cents. This would add $663,000 to the principal of the debt. The yearly interest is $270,000. Gold interest would add $45,900 to that amount yearly, amounting, in sixteen years, to $734,400. This vast amount of $663,000 principal and $734,400 interest is what this bill proposes to give the State creditors for nothing.

And so we could go on through the whole list of bonds, showing an aggregate increase of the principal of our debt by this bill to nearly a million of dollars, and the increase in annual payment of interest to be a cool hundred thousand for nothing.

And when we remember that nearly all of these currency bonds are held by New York capitalists, who bought them at from 80 to 85 cents on the dollar, and who by this bill get bonds worth par, it will be seen how good a thing it is for them.

Now, if the bill stated that these gold bonds were to be sold by the State and *their proceeds* applied to redeeming the outstanding bonds, it might do; but to substitute gold bonds for the currency bonds is a most outrageous fraud on the people.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

Senate called to order by President Conley.

Prayer by Wesley Prettyman.

On motion of Mr. Higbee, the resolution of Mr. Wooten was considered as a substitute for the whole Savannah bill.

Mr. Brock resumed his political address.

Mr. Nunnally advocated the adoption of the substitute.

Mr. Dunning called the previous question.

Messrs. Burns, Wellborn and Holcombe opposed the call for the previous question.

The call for the previous question was sustained by yeas 17, nays 16.

The vote was taken upon Mr. Wooten's substitute with the following result:

Yeas—Messrs. Burns, Candler, Fain, Griffin (6th), Hicks, Hinton, Holcombe, Jordan, McArthur, Nesbitt, Nunnally, Richardson, Smith (7th), Smith (36th), Traywick, Wellborn, Wooten—17.

Nays—Bowers, Bradley, Brock, Bruton, Campbell, Colman, Corbitt, Crayton, Dickey, Dunning, Harris, Hendersou, Henry, Higbee, Hungerford, Jones, Merrell, Sherman, Speer, Wallace, Welch—21.

The bill was then passed by the following vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Bowers, Bradley, Brock, Campbell, Colman, Corbitt, Crayton, Dickey, Dunning, Harris, Henderson, Henry, Higbee, Hungerford, Jones, Merrell, Richardson, Sherman, Speer, Wallace, Welch—21.

Nays—Messrs. Bruton, Burns, Candler, Fain, Griffin (6th, Hicks, Hinton, Holcombe, Jordan, McArthur, Nesbitt, Nunnally, Smith (7th), Smith (36th), Traywick, Wellborn, Wooten—17.

Mr. Burns gave notice that he would move a reconsideration to-morrow morning.

The rules were suspended and the bill to incorporate the Americus and Newnan Railroad Company was taken up and read the third time.

Mr. Speer moved to amend by limiting the capital stock to five millions instead of twenty millions, and to subject the road to the same rate of taxation as other roads.

Mr. Holcombe moved to amend by limiting the width of the right-of-way to 150 feet, and not 300 feet right-of-way.

Amendment adopted, and the bill passed.

The special order being the consideration of the educational bill was discharged.

Mr. Nunnally moved to suspend the rules in order to offer a resolution to authorize the Governor to draw his warrant in favor of the State Agricultural Convention for the annual appropriation for the years 1869 and 1870.

Mr. Speer opposed it—vehemently declaring that the State Agricultural Convention was a regular Ku-klux organization and he would never vote one dollar to it.

Mr. Speer was savage and fierce in his opposition.

Mr. Nunnally made a pointed and pungent speech in support of his resolution.

Aaron Alpeora Bradley opposed the suspension of the rules. The General Assembly should be just before it is generous.

Mr. Nunnally withdrew his motion to suspend the rules.

The time was extended in order to read bills.

Mr. Brock moved to suspend the rules to take up the bill to incorporate the South and North Railroad Company.

Mr. Harris moved to make all railroad bills the special order for to-morrow. Adopted.

Mr. Holcombe offered a resolution that after to-day no bill shall be taken up out of its regular order. Tabled.

The following bills were read the first time:

Mr. Fain—To enable Martha A. Lewis, a minor of Gordon county, to make a deed to certain land.

Mr. Smith (36th)—To incorporate the town of Rocky Mount, in Meriwether county.

Mr. Richardson—To incorporate the Atlanta and Blue Ridge Railroad Company, from Cartersville to the line of South Carolina.

Mr. Sherman—To declare null and void all deeds to land sold for Confederate Treasury notes, since the surrender.

Also, to establish a constable-in-chief for the State.

Mr. Nunnally—To add an additional ground for divorce (insanity made a ground.

Mr. McArthur—To amend charter of Savannah, Skidaway and Seaboard Railroad Company;

Mr. Wooten—To regulate the law relative to Dower in certain cases.

Mr. Colman—To incorporate the Brunswick and Havana Railroad and Steamship Company.

House bill read first time:

To incorporate North Georgia and Tennessee Railroad Company.

House bills were then read the second time.

The following message and communication were received from Governor Bullock:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, ATLANTA, GA., August 25, 1870.

To the General Assembly:

I transmit herewith a communication received from the Secretary of State announcing the discovery of two packages of bonds, amounting in the aggregate, as is alleged, to three hundred and fifty thousand dollars which were given in lieu of the educational fund appropriated by former State administrations to general uses. These packages have not yet been opened, and as they were not regularly turned over to the present Secretary of State by his predecessor in office, I would respectfully recommend to your honorable body that a committee be authorized to examine and ascertain the value of these bonds, and give instruction as to what disposal shall be made of them. RUFUS B. BULLOCK.

STATE OF GEORGIA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE, ATLANTA, August 25, 1870.

To his Excellency R. B. Bullock:

GOVERNOR: I have the honor to report that there have come into my possession to-day two packages purporting to be bonds of the State of Georgia: one package containing one hundred and fifty bonds of $1000 each—the other containing two hundred bonds of $1000, in all $350,000, and given in lieu of the educational fund appropriated by former State administrations to general uses.

It is proper to state that I was not aware of the existence of these bonds until within a few days past, and I have now to ask your Excellency, or through you the General Assembly, to take measures to ascertain the value of the bonds, and to direct me as to their disposal.

I shall permit the bonds to remain in the packages as they were found.

Very respectfully, DAVID G. COTTING, Secretary of State.

The Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, August 25, 1870.

House met at the usual hour, the Speaker pro tem. in the chair.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Crumley.

The Journal of yesterday was read.

Mr. O'Neal, of Lowndes, gave notice that he would move for a reconsideration of so much of the proceedings of this House on yesterday as relates to "allowing Mr. Osgood to withdraw a bill," etc. Mr. O'Neal said he gave this notice at the request of Mr. Osgood.

The Speaker ruled that the bill having been withdrawn by consent of the House, that it passed beyond the control of the House, and that the gentleman's motion to reconsider could not be entertained.

From which ruling Mr. O'Neal appealed. He claimed that any action of this House which amounts to a finality, can be reconsidered; and he argued that this withdrawal was a finality as to this bill, and the ruling of the Speaker would deprive the gentleman from Chatham of the right to reinstate his bill on the calendar.

The appeal was put before the House, and the Speaker's ruling was sustained.

Mr. Carson introduced a resolution that the Clerk of the House be authorized to employ fifteen additional clerks, which resolution did not prevail.

Messrs. Phillips, Warren, of Quitman, Turnipseed, Harper, of Terrell, Shackleford, Fryer, Price, Faulk and Barnum offered a protest against the purchase of the Opera House, which protest was ordered spread upon the journal.

The school bill was resumed.

Sections 34, 35 and 36 were adopted.

On motion of Mr. Houston section 37 was amended in the 7th line, by adding the words, "all taxes, State or county" after the word execution.

On motion of Mr. Scott the section was further amended by adding the words "that nothing in this bill shall interfere with private schools or private school property," after which the sections as amended were adopted.

Sections 38, 39, 40, 41, 42 and 43 were adopted.

Mr. Tumlin moved to strike out from the 44th section the words "net earnings of the Western and Atlantic Railroad.

Mr. Anderson said that he is a friend to a just and equitable school system, but that to succeed, this enterprise should be started with moderation; that it is unnecessary to say whether or not the State Road pays or not; the simple fact that the earnings of the State Road are given, will array thousands of our people against the whole measure.

Mr. Caldwell moved to amend by inserting "one-half" before the words "net earnings," etc.

Mr. Rice said that we have two schools in each district; that the total expense for these schools will amount to only about $170,000 while there are already about $500,000 belonging to the school fund, and that he did not object to the motion to strike out.

Mr. Caldwell said that a certain amount of money donated to school purposes had been used to build the road now in question, and that he was in favor of taking half of the earnings of the road for educational purposes.

Mr. O'Neal, of Lowndes, said that those who oppose the giving of the earnings of the State Road to school purposes are not in favor of giving both races any more than they gave the whites before the war; and that he cannot see how any Representative, who accepts emancipation with its results, can refuse to double the original provisions for education.

Mr. Lee, of Newton, said that he does not believe that the original tax for educational purposes amounted to more than one-fourth of the amount now set apart, exclusive of the earnings of the State road.

Mr. Felder said that he is not, nor are his constituents, opposed to education of colored children, but that the people are afraid that the taxes for the support of schools will be oppressive and burdensome to them, and that he thinks that the other provisions made by law would support an economical system of education without taking the earnings of the State Road.

Mr. Bryant said that the provisions of this bill in respect to money are precisely what the law has already made.

Mr. Bryant called the previous question on the adoption of the original 44th section, which call was sustained.

On the main question to adopt the yeas and nays were called; yeas 49, nays 60.

Mr. Bethune said he believed it would take three millions a year to carry out a good school system.

Mr. Bethune called the previous question on Mr. Caldwell's amendment.

Mr. Phillips offered an amendment providing that the tax for school purposes, in addition to other provisions, shall not be more than one-fifth of the State Tax.

Mr. Bethune's call for the previous question was sustained.

On the main question to adopt Mr. Caldwell's amendment the yeas were 56 and nays 53.

Mr. Rawls moved to strike out all of section 44 after the word "fund" in the 7th line, which motion did not prevail, and the section, as previously amended, was adopted.

Mr. Scott moved to strike out section 45; on which motion the yeas and nays were called for with the following result: Yeas 59, nays 46.

Mr. Scott proposed a new section "adding the Chancellor of the State University, and the Presidents of Oxford, Oglethorpe, Mercer, Bowdon Colleges, and of the Colored University, as members of the State Board of Education." He said that he wanted to rid the board of a political complexion, and to add these gentlemen, who have devoted their lives to education.

Mr. Caldwell opposed the section on the ground that he wanted to see no man on the board who may have antagonistic feelings to the common school system.

Mr. Rice said that a section on this subject had already been adopted, and he considered the one proposed as superfluous; that but little is required of the State Board, and only such men as are needed have been proposed in the bill.

Mr. Bryant moved to lay Mr. Scott's amendment on the table; on which motion the yeas and nays were called for, with the following result: yeas 61, nays 47.

A message from the Senate was received, saying that the Senate had passed the House bill to incorporate the Newnan and Americus Railroad Company, with certain amendments thereto.

Mr. Bethune offered an additional section to the School bill, providing that each county board may organize a manual labor school, which section was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Darnell, the House decided to hold a session this afternoon, from 4 to 6 o'clock.

Leaves of absence were granted Messrs. Price, Stone, Turnipseed and Caldwell.

Several reports from standing committees were handed in.

On motion Hon. Garnett McMillan was invited to a seat on this floor.

The hour of adjournment having arrived the House was declared adjourned until 4 o'clock P. M.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 25.—A correspondent of the Courier D'Etats Unis says that a decided change has been made in the military situation within the last forty-eight hours. We look back upon ourselves after three months' disappointment and defeat, and to-morrow, perhaps, we shall take the offensive. Such is the opinion at the War Department and throughout official circles.

The correspondent adds:

I am assured that McMahon's outposts extend to Mezieres and Moutine, covering the Ardennes Railroad, and line parallel with France.

The arrival of Bazaine's prisoners at Soisson proves that Bazaine's lines are in tact.

The work on the fortifications is almost finished.

Another battle occurred at Metz on Sunday, resulting in our favor.

Something decisive is being prepared for in that quarter.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 24.—Midnight.—It is reported that the Prussians are at Sezoune to-day—a town of 5,000 inhabitants, 35 miles southwest of Esserau and 65 from Paris.

The Crown Prince is reported at Nancy.

Nothing from Metz or the armies of MacMahon or Bazaine.

General Wineffy, recently operating against the Algerine rebels, commands Failly's corps.

The Ministerial Council is now composed of Ministers Rouher, Schneider, Persigny, Baroiche and Trochu.

Last night's journals ask what action will be taken by the French Government regarding Belgium's violation of neutrality?

The Committee of Defense has ordered the destruction of the crops and food in the departments of Nevarre and Seine.

The Empress is still at the Tuilleries and much dejected. It is said she becomes unpopular on account of her bigotry.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, August 25—noon.—McMahon's entire command left Rheims on Monday, hoping to be able to protect Paris.

The Prussian scouts are near Chalons and Troyes.

Advices from Montmedy to the 23d are silent regarding McMahon's and Bazaine's junction.

Rumors find no credit of Prussian detachments reported at Charmont and Brienne.

Preparations for the siege of Metz proceed with great activity.

The Paris papers are persuading themselves that Bazaine, realizing the situation, is using his last strategy.

Strasbourg is well defended and fully supplied. Correspondents concur that the French will only treat for peace beyond the Rhine.

Dense fogs cover the battle fields.

It is stated that the Crown Prince enters Chalons to-day as well as Rheims.

Frederick Charles moves on Paris direct.

In a sortie from Toul yesterday, 700 Prussians were killed and wounded.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, August 25.—The government has received an official dispatch, dated Bar le Duc last evening, to the effect that Chalons has been evactuated, and that the Prussian column is west of Chalons and moving rapidly.

FREDERICK CHARLES.

The Great Prussian Leader.

Prince Frederick Charles, a son of Prince Charles, the brother of King William, from whose comparison in a military memoir, written some years ago, of the resources, efficiency, organization and spirit of the Prussian and French armies, we gave an interesting extract yesterday, is decidedly the most talented and interesting member of the Royal House of Prussia. He is now forty-two years old, and is a cavalry officer of great distinction. He commenced his military career in 1848 with the Black Hussars, and wears to this day the hussar uniform by preference. He distinguished himself in the Schleswig war of 1864 by storming the fortifications of Duppel, and commanded an army corps in 1866 under the King.

A few stories told about him will sufficiently indicate the resolution, independence and originality of his character. When his cousin, the present Emperor of Russia, came to Berlin on a visit, after the Crimean war, he would not call on him because Russia had concluded a dishonorable peace.

During a visit at Paris, he rode out with the Emperor Napoleon, when his horse became restive and almost unmanageable. Napoleon advised him to send for another one, when the Prince answered him: "Sire, *une fois engage je ne cederai pas*"—(once engaged I never give way)—the Emperor's own words to Prince Albert when the latter tried to dissuade him from the Crimean war. The Prince is not only a first-class and brilliant cavalry officer, he is also a military author, and created a particular sensation several years ago by a pamphlet in which he advocated the greatest individual development of the Prussian soldier, criticizing severely the former Prussian system as having a tendency to make the soldier a mere machine. His comparision of the French and Prussian armies, their style of fighting, etc., and his relentless criticisms, caused the Prussian goverament to suppress his pamphlet, but it was used at once in introducing many of the ideas, principles and improvements advocated by him.

Amongst all the royal Princes, he is the only one who has never been entangled in an illegitimate love affair with one or the other of the handsome ladies of the court, or opera singers, or ballet dancers, according to the fashion of the day amongst his equals. He is exceedingly popular with the entire army, of which he is now, the second in command, and destined to become probably Prussia's greatest general.

YOUNG AMERICA.—The World records this extraordinary "personal:"

"An elopement in high life is reported from Michigan, the imprudent fair one being three years old, and the unprincipled Lothario five. The absconding couple were overtaken by their respective nurses at a neighboring railway station in time to prevent the young lady's reputation being seriously compromised."

☞ The New York Democrat says: "During his Western trip it is said that the President studiously avoided any public demonstration. But the sheriff of St. Louis gave him a reception. He had an 'attachment' for the second Washington."

Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Flour firmer. Wheat quiet and firm. Corn steady. Pork 26 00. Lard firm. Cotton quiet and weak; uplands 19¾; orleans 20½; sales 800. Turpentine 39¾@40. Rosin: strained 1 90. Freights firm.

Stocks dull. Gold 17¾. Money 3@4. Sterling—long 9¾; short 10¾. Bonds 11½. Tennessee ex-coupons 62; new 80½. Virginia ex-coupons 64½; new 62. Louisiana old 70; new 64. Lowe 22; 6's 58. Alabama 5's 67½; 8's 70. Georgia 6's 83½; 7's 91¾. North Carolinas old 51½; new 20. South Carolinas old 80; new 73½.

LONDON, August 25, noon.—Consols 91½. Bonds 88½. Bank rate of interest reduced to 4 per cent.

Later—Bonds 87.

LIVERPOOL, August 25, noon.—Cotton dull; Uplands 9d9½; Orleans 9¾@9¾; sales 8,000 bales.

Later—Cotton has a downward tendency. Pork 130s. Lard dull. Beef dull at 12s. 6d.

Troy Female Seminary.

THIS Institution offers the accumulated advantages of over fifty years of successful operation.

Every facility is provided for a thorough course of useful and ornamental education, under the direction of more than twenty professors and teachers.

For circulars apply to JOHN H. WILLARD, aug28-d3m Troy, New York.

"BAD BLOOD."

"The Life is the Blood."

FROM it we derive our strength, beauty, and mental capabilities. It is the centre of our being, around which revolves all that makes existence happy. When this source is corrupted the painful effects are visible in many shapes, prominent among which is

SCROFULA.

This is a taint or infection of the human organism, and probably no one is wholly free from it. It exhibits itself in various shapes—as Ulcers and Sores, Decayed Bones, Diseased Scalp, Sore Eyes, Weak and Diseased Joints, St. Vitus' Dance, Foul Discharges from the Nostrils, Eruptions, Glandular Swellings, Throat Affections, Rheumatism, Heart Affections, Nervous Disorders, Barrenness, Disorders of the Womb, Dropsy, Syphilitic Affions, Liver Complaint, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Loss of Manhood and General Debility.

It has been the custom to treat these diseases with Mercury and other Mineral substances, which, though sometimes producing a cure, often prove injurious and entail misery in after life. The long known injurious properties of these so called Alteratives and Purifiers has led the philanthropical man of science to explore the areas of nature, the result of which has been the discovery of a vegetable product which possess the power of eradicating these Taints from the Blood.

DR. TUTT'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT

Is the acknowledged antidote to all Blood Diseases By its use the afflictions above enumerated can be permanently banished, and the Source—the Centre of Life—the Blood, be maintained in all its purity and vigor.

For Diseases produced by the use of Mercury, and for Syphilis, with its train of evils, this compound is the only sure antidote.

To the poor creature, enfeebled in mind and body, by secret practices, whose nerves are unstrung, and countenance downcast

The Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT

is a blessing. Try it fairly, and your nerves will be restored to their wonted vigor, and your dejected countenance be made radiant with the consciousness of

Restored Manhood.

Being free from violent mineral's, it is adapted to general use. The old and young may use it; the most delicate female at any time may take it; the tender infant, who may have inherited disease, will be cured by it.

For Purifying the Blood USE DR. TUTT'S

Extract of Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

When used in the Spring it removes all humors which infest the system; and banishes the languor and debility peculiar to that season of the year. It acts promptly on the

Liver and Kidneys,

Producing a healthy action of the important organs by which all the impurities of the system are carried off, and the result is

A Clear Skin, a Good Appetite, and Buoyant Spirits.

PREPARED BY

WM. H. TUTT & LAND,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

And Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

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DEMAREST & WOODRUFF

(Successors to TOMLINSON-DEMAREST Co.)

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MANUFACTURERS OF

Carriages, Buggies, &c.

Especially adapted for the Southern Roads.

OUR STOCK COMPRISES

LIGHT VICTORIAS, PHAETONS, CABRIOLAS, ROCKAWAYS

And all other styles of Fine Carriages, For one or two horses.

TOP AND NO TOP BUGGIES, On Elliptic and Side Springs.

CONCORD BUGGIES, MAIL HACKS & JERSEY WAGONS.

We are also Sole Manufacturers of the

WOODRUFF CONCORD BUGGY AND Plantation Wagon for 1, 2, 4 & 6 Horses

The best Buggy and Wagon in America for the money.

We have had an experience of thirty years in making work for the Southern States, and know exactly what is required to stand the roads. We invite all to call for Circulars, and parties visiting New York, we especially invite to call at our Warerooms.

We collect the trade of merchants and dealers. Illustrated Circulars, with prices, forwarded by mail.

D. T. DEMAREST, N. Y. C. W. WOODRUFF, GA.

We have also opened a

BRANCH OF OUR ESTABLISHMENT IN ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

Corner Hunter and Pryor streets, Where we expect to keep a large stock, and Sell at Very Low Prices and daily

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., Dec. 3, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficiency of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combination or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully, T. K. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., Oct. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself, in my family for twenty years, I can higaly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. I take pleasure in giving you this testimonial, well knowing that in so doing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly, A. K. KENDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., Wholesale Druggists, General Agents, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Props'rs, West Point, Ga.

nov24-d1y

TONIC, INVIGORANT,

—AND—

PALATABLE STIMULANT.

LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS.

BY far the best and purest preparation in the world for Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint; a sure preventive for Fever and Ague, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

—

LIPPMANN'S Great German Bitters,

Are a Medicinal Cordial, possessing powerful alterative, anti-bilious and invigorating properties, that can be taken by old or young, male or female, with beneficial results.

—

FOR FEMALES,

LIPPMAN'S BITTERS are invaluable. They build up the system, bring health and bloom to the cheek of the invalids. As a remedy for nervous wakefulness, to which females are especially subject, they are fast superseding all other stimulants.

—

LIPPMAN'S Great German Bitters,

Are a Cordial for the aged, and a sure protection against malarious districts. Persons living in damp and malarious climates will find these Bitters a valuable remedy; a small dose taken occasionally, will prevent many day's ail, perhaps week's of sickness.

—

No license at all necessary to sell these Bitters.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 16, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Druggists, Savannah, Ga.:

GENTS: I have before me your esteemed letter of the 14th instant, containing various documents relative to your "German Bitters." After a careful examination, I must confess that your Bitters is really what you represent it to be, an old German recipe of Dr. Mitcherlich, of Berlin, Prussia. It will, moreover, be excellent for Dyspepsia, general debility and nervous disease, and it is a good preventive of Chills and Fevers. I find it to be the most delightful and pleasant stomachic.

I remain, yours truly, [Signed] AUG. P. WETTER.

KINGLAND MILLS, GA., March 22, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Druggists, Savannah, Ga.:

GENTLEMEN: I have introduced your Great German Bitters here, to my customers and friends, and I find a better sale for them than any I have ever kept before. Those who have tried them approve of them very highly, and I do not hesitate in saying that they are far superior in Value to any other Bitters now in use.

Yours, respectfully, [Signed] W. KIRKLAND.

LIPPMAN'S Great German Bitters,

Are sold by

DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS GENERALLY,

And are prepared in the Laboratory of the

WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE

—OF—

Jacob Lippman & Bro.,

SAVANNAH, GA.

B. F. WYLY, PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., and A. J. WEST & CO., Atlanta, Georgia, Wholesale Agents for Lippmann's Great German Bitters.

may13-d1y

Wide Awake! Wide Awake!

TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want Calf-skin, Lasting, Curk-colors, Best-Oooze, Water-proof, Light-stitch or Pumps of the finest French Calf-skin, we can furnish them to you at short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the finest English Sole Leather and Fancy Gaiters of all descriptions made to gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and see us as we are in Wynn on Pryor street, in front of the Theatre, if you want the finest and best fitting Boots in the city.

WANTED—Five first-class Boot Makers. None others need apply. C. HUGHES & SON, apr3— jan26-d1y

W. G. NEWMAN. JOHN E. FAIN

NEWMAN & FAIN,

Contractors and Builders,

(Office up-stairs over E. H. Gee-man's Store.)

NO. 8 PEACHTREE STREET,

jan26-d3m ATLANTA, GA.

CATALOGUES COTTON UP IN THE MOST approved style at THE CONSTITUTION office.

JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE CONSTITUTION office.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK LEAD Excels all other LEAD!

1st. For its Unrivaled Whiteness.
2d. For its Unequaled Durability.
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly, for its Great Economy.

☞ IT COSTS LESS to paint with BUCK LEAD than any other White Lead extant. The same weight covers more surface, is more durable, and makes WHITER WORK.

BUCK LEAD, is the Cheapest and Best.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK ZINC Excels all other ZINCS.

1st. For its Unequaled Durability.
2d. For its Unrivaled Whiteness.
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly, for its Great Economy.

being the Cheapest, Handsomest, and most Durable White Paint in the world.

BUY ONLY

BUCK LEAD AND BUCK ZINC.

Try It and be Convinced.

Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers.

Buck Cottage Colors,

Prepared expressly for Painting COTTAGES, OUT BUILDINGS of every description, FENCES, etc. THIRTY-FIVE DIFFERENT COLORS. Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful shades.

Sample cards sent by mail if desired.

Dealers' Orders will be promptly executed by the manufacturers.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,

N. W. Cor. Tenth and Market Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by PEMBERTON, WILLSON & TAYLOR & CO., feb23-d1y Atlanta, Ga.

A LOT WANTED.

WE wish to RENT A LOT within the city limits; will take it on a Lease, with the privilege of purchasing. To a person owning a large tract, this is a fine opportunity to improve it, as we design erecting, at once, a Steam Furniture Manufactory. RONDEAU & CO., June25-d1f 15 Decatur street.

SOUTHERN DYE HOUSE.

A. E. SHULHAFER'S NEW YORK MILLINERY STORE, No. 67 Whitehall Street, Empire Block,

IS AGENT FOR THIS CITY,

Where orders may be left for any description of work in our line.

General Office Cor. Washington and Broad Sts., and Dye Works 70 and 91 Ellis Street, Augusta, Ga.

We respectfully beg to inform the public that we are now ready to do DYEING and CLEANING of all kinds of SILKS, VELVETS and RIBBONS, WOOLEN GOODS, ALPACAS, WORSTED GOODS and GENTS' CLOTHING, KID GLOVES, CURTAINS, LACES, CRAPE SHAWLS, etc., in all colors. Also, Gents' Clothing Repaired and Altered.

First-class work or no pay.

BLASDOW & BEROUD, July1-dly French Dyers.

UNIVERSAL LIFE INS. CO.

—NEW YORK—

The Original Joint-Stock Life Ins. Co. of the United States.

The business of this Company is EXCLUSIVELY confined to the Insurance of first class healthy lives.

THE DISTINCTIVE FEATURE

of the Stock system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the *Mutual*, is a low rate of premium for a stated sum insured, which is IMMEDIATE, SECURED and CERTAIN; in lieu of a high rate of uncertain and promised dividend, which is DISTANT, CONTINGENT and UNCERTAIN; this so-called dividend being merely a return of a portion of the excessive and unnecessary premium charged in the first instance

ILLUSTRATION.

Suppose that an individual aged thirty desires to devote $250 a year for the purpose of effecting an insurance on his life; this amount will immediately secure him in the UNIVERSAL, the sum of $21,231, payable on his decease. This sum, paid to a company charging the ordinary mutual rates, would return him the sum of $4,674—the difference, *immediately secured*, in favor of the UNIVERSAL, $3,277.

To illustrate the importance to the policy-holder of low premiums in more general terms, it may be stated that by a reduction of *twenty-five* per cent. in the rate of premium, the same amount of money will secure a policy *thirty-three and one-third* per cent. greater, and likewise that a reduction of twenty-five per cent. in the rate of premium is precisely equivalent to an annual cash dividend of *thirty-three and one-third per cent. payable in advance*, or to a dividend of *forty-five per cent.* payable at the end of five years.

By the Stock plan the *full cash effect* of the premium is immediately secured to the insurer, the Company taking all the risk. By the Mutual plan the full value in insurance of the premium paid is not secured to the policy-holder, who takes a portion of the risk himself.

THE PREMIUMS

charged by the Universal are as low as the actual experience of insured life in this country will justify, and on the ordinary Life and Ten Year Non-forfeiture policies are nearly one-third lower than those charged by the majority of Mutual Companies.

Special attention is asked

The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REPUTATION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

J. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, August 26, 1870

Democratic Executive Committee.

The members of the committee are requested to meet in Atlanta on Thursday, September 1, for the election of their chairman.

A. H. COLQUITT, President.

☞ New York city has had 1,800 cases of sun-stroke this year.

Jay Cooke & Co. will establish a large American banking house in London with Hugh McCulloch as President.

☞ A. J. Applegate, Lieutenant-Governor of Alabama, is dead. He was from Ohio, a Federal soldier during the war, and moved to Alabama after the surrender.

☞ Major Eugene Baylor, the "Round About" editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal for the last two years, has become one of the editors of the Mobile Register.

☞ A movement is on foot, in North Carolina, to raise a subscription to buy a newspaper establishment for Hon. Josiah Turner, who was imprisoned by Holden No one is allowed to give more than a dollar.

☞ Dr. Taber is the agent for that fine Savannah daily, the Republican. He is in Atlanta. As many of the Savannah business men may be expected to visit us at the Fair, our merchants would do well to open up a business communication with them.

The Sale of the State University.

We call attention to the communication in another column against the proposed sale of the State University domain. We particularly urge our legislative readers to peruse it. Without much information on the subject, we yet think the views of our correspondent to be pertinent and strongly grounded in good sense.

Personal.

We have had a call from Colonel Carey W. Styles, one of our predecessors, and now running the Albany News. The Colonel has lost nothing of the fire and earnestness that has made him so marked a member of the fraternity. His family are with him.

We also had a call from Mr. Wm. A. Reid, of the Macon Telegraph and Messenger, one of our valued exchanges.

The Air-Line Road.

The surveyors of the Air-line railroad were here this week, and intend commencing to locate the road permanently from this place to King's Mountain. Contracts will soon be let out from this end. A mortgage has been executed for three million six hundred thousand dollars by the President of the road, and thirty-six hundred dollars of revenue stamps cancelled. This looks like business.—*The Carolina Spartan.*

☞ The following statement appeared in our columns on the 24th:

We are also informed that the Georgia National Bank owes the State, on account of State deposits by the present State Treasurer, over one thousand dollars, which amount said bank has refused to pay.

We are informed by an officer of this bank that the officers of the bank claim that they are not justly indebted to the State anything on account of State deposits.

☞ The Hon John Pendleton Kennedy died last Thursday at Newport, R. I. He was a Baltimorean, served in the war of 1814, studied law with the famous Wm. Wirt, was a successful lawyer and author, a Congressman for several terms, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Presidential elector, and Fillmore's Secretary of the navy. His publications were "The Red Book," "Swallow Barn," "Horse Shoe Robinson," "Rob of the Bowl," and "Life of William Wirt."

Phillips & Crew.

This enterprising firm, in their fine new store on Marietta street, keep their counters thoroughly supplied with the best periodical literature of the day. It is a treat to examine their stock.

We notice that they have all the September publications, including the ladies' fashion magazines—Godey's, Demorest's, Leslie's, Peterson's, etc. They have, also, Harper's, the Galaxy, with racy contributions in each number from Mark Twain, Lippincott, and that fine Southern magazine, the XIXth Century.

A New Institution.

Atlanta at last has an institution that she has long needed, and that we regard as a valuable addition to her wants. Dr. Innes has established a fine system of baths at the mineral springs. He gives not only ordinary, but mineral, and the very famous medicated vapor baths, that are so popular in our large cities, and that are so potent in treating many diseases that seem impossible to be reached by ordinary physic. They are better for rheumatism, nervous debility, etc., than almost any other treatment. This new enterprise is one that deserves patronage, and that we hope to see become a fixture in the city.

Motley.

Minister Motley is said to have left England on his return home. Grant seems to find it hard to get an English minister to suit him. Reverdy Johnson made too many fine after-dinner speeches. Motley seems to have followed Reverdy's fascinating example in this particular, and devoted himself assiduously to British grog and roast beef.

Reverdy did bring the Alabama claims to a finale, as far as he was able. He patched up a settlement, after very voluminous negotiations, that required relaxation in the shape of occasional junketings. But Motley has junketed and nothing more. But we can't see that it was his fault. Congress refused to ratify Reverdy's settlement. Johnny Bull has his dander up and refuses to make any more advances, and Motley can't force or cajole him into it. Grant won't let Motley advance.

So what has he had left for him to do save to put the lion into good humor with oysters on the half shell and enjoy himself?

It is true he might have devoted himself to a new history; but who can write history with so much jolly grog stirring about and on the beg for a drinker?

Trumbull would not have Motley's place. And now Frellinghuysen declines it. Verily, that Alabama Claims is a bugaboo of the first water. And well may men be afraid to tackle it in the light of American treatment of Cuba, and with English pertinacity to contend with.

Napoleon, Exit.

The Knoxville Whig and Register thus settles Napoleon's hash!

"The Napoleons have played out, and France is in the hands of the enemy. Exit, Louis Napoleon."

Poor Napoleon! It is a terrific pity that the Whig thus turned loose its battery on him. This act of prophetic demolition is the cruelest thing of the age. It seems that "Nap" has his hands pretty full with the Prussians, but he can't survive the Whig. It is more than mortal can endure. He must succumb. He dare not wabble a finger after he reads that appalling prognostication of the Whig about his exit.

The frequency with which Napoleon has played out and died at the hands of a large number of our prophetic and infallible American press is one of the curiosities of the day. The repeated newspaper annihilation of this remarkable individual is only to be surpassed by his extraordinary existence and retention of power in spite of said numerous squelchings. His ingratitude to these papers is vile, and deserves severe reprobation.

Georgia News.

Newnan wants a male college.

Bishop Beckwith will visit Rome in October.

Chicken cholera is prevailing to an alarming extent in Lumpkin.

Baldwin Superior Court rarely extends its session beyond a week.

The leader of the negro Ku-Klux in Jefferson county has been arrested.

Colonel W. F. Wright is suggested as a candidate for Congress from the 3d Congressional District.

Stewart & Austin's FFF flour, at Rome, is not too high for the quality of the flour.

Wm. H. Jones, indicted for the killing of Puryear, was tried in Clarke Superior Court, and acquitted.

The Baptist camp meeting, at Concord, Forsyth county, commences Thursday before the fourth Sabbath in September.

George Dasher, the popular conductor on the Southwestern Railroad, is confined to his house by an attack of bilious fever.

Rev. W. L. Gwaltney, of Rome, has been tendered the presidency of Greenville, South Carolina, Female College.

A 15th amendment broke his neck against a stump in McCall's mill pond, about two miles and a half from Macon.

Two colored bloods of Augusta were about to get up an affair of honor, when one of them acknowledged that he was in the wrong and "squelched" it.

It is proposed to hold a convention at Gainesville on the 5th of October next, to organize a Mutual Aid and Benevolent Association of the surviving Confederate soldiers in the 6th district.

Judge Schley, of Savannah, has decided that the municipal authorities of that city are empowered under the act of the Legislature to collect a poll tax, tax on income, and a tax on the resources.

Dr. W. E. Dearing captured a moccasin in the City Hall Park in Augusta. The snake bit the Doctor on the ankle without serious damage, but the Doctor succeeded in making a "pet" of him.

Mr. Frank Marcrum, who now pilots the Baudy Moore, has run the Chattahoochee since 1828—the term of 42 years. During this time he has piloted 100 boats, made and spent several fortunes, been an actor in a number of hair-breadth escapes, and witnessed the killing of numbers of persons by explosions. He has enjoyed almost uninterrupted health, never been off a boat for six continuous months, knows every tree, log, wreck, bar and alligator on the river, and, in short, feels more at home while plying the deep than when with his family.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

House met at the appointed hour.

On motion of Mr. Scott, the rules were suspended and the following bills were introduced by Mr. Scott and read the first time, to-wit:

A bill to authorize and empower the Ordinary of Floyd county to issue county bonds to the amount of $50,000 to build a bridge or bridges over the Etowah and Oostanaula rivers in said county.

To lease the Western and Atlantic Railroad.

Mr. Carson offered a resolution that the clerk be authorized to employ 12 assistants with pay from date, which resolution was adopted.

The School bill was resumed.

Mr. Hamilton offered an amendment as section 46, providing that nothing therein contained should prevent the collection of accounts from a private school for the instruction of beneficiaries where there are no public schools, etc., which section was adopted.

Mr. Bethune proposed a section allowing parents or guardians who object to the prescribed text books to use any they may desire, which section was not adopted.

Mr. Bethune offered an additional section, which prescribes that nothing herein contained shall interfere with private schools, which section was laid on the table because the same provision was already contained in the bill.

Mr. Darnell offered an additional section providing that sub-districts shall be laid off immediately after the election of county boards in November next, which proposed section was, on motion of Mr. Rice, laid on the table.

Mr. Phillips offered a section providing that no books of a sectarian or sectional character should be used, which section was adopted.

A message from the Governor was received.

The whole bill was read a third time. Upon its passage, the yeas and nays were called, with the following result: yeas 70, nays 29. So the bill was passed.

The Senate amendments to the bill to incorporate the Newnan and Americus Railroad were concurred in and the bill was passed.

On motion of Mr. Hall, of Glynn, all railroad bills asking State aid were made the special order for Monday next.

On motion, the House adjourned until 9 A. M. to-morrow.

"A Change Not Wanted." Reply: A Change is Wanted.

Editors Constitution: The bill offered in the Georgia Legislature by myself, and alluded to in your issue of this morning, under the caption, "A Change Not Wanted," is desired, I believe, by a majority of the legal voters of the city of Atlanta.

If it is a fact, as you say, that some of our citizens do not understand the nature of the change sought in the bill above alluded to, I make it my first pleasure to state that the change sought to be made is based on the principle of sound policy enjoyed by the State of Georgia, and the respective counties therein, or the citizens thereof.

When a Governor and Representatives are to be elected in the State, any legal voter in the State can vote for Governor in any county he may be in at the time. So my bill proposes to allow any legal voter of the city of Atlanta to vote for Mayor, let him reside wherever he may in the city. No citizen of any county can vote for a Representative in the Georgia Legislature out of his county; so the bill under consideration seeks to make it lawful for voters in the city to vote for Councilmen in no other ward than the one in which he resides at the time of such an election, placing the manner of electing the Mayor and Council of the city of Atlanta on the same legitimate principles that the electing of Governor and county representatives is properly based.

I hold that the principles are correct and sound relative to State elections, and that they are sound and desirable in city elections. I, therefore, advocate the change proposed, on the ground that I believe the principle a sound one, and just to the people as a whole.

I am, respectfully,
H. C. HOLCOMBE,
Rep Fulton county.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 25, 1870.

The State University and the Proposed Sale of its Domain.

Editors Constitution: Your comments upon the grievous mistake made by the Trustees of Oglethorpe University, in the purchase of the Lyon House for their institution, have suggested to me a short communication upon the subject of a similar error of judgment, which the State University Trustees are upon the point of committing. As is well known, the endowment of the college originally consisted of a donation of public lands, which were sold from time to time, and notes taken from the purchasers. These notes were afterwards assumed by the State, which gave the college for them one hundred shares of stock in the State bank, guaranteeing upon said shares an annual dividend of $8,000. This, owing to the failure of the bank, has since become an annuity payable out of the State Treasury. In the meanwhile, previous to the sale of the lands, there being among them all no location suitable for the college, Governor Milledge made a munificent donation of a vast tract of land, upon which now is built the town of Athens, for the express purpose of affording a favorable position for the erection of the University buildings. In the deed donating this magnificent present, thirty-eight acres were reserved and made inalienable, for the uses of the various edifices necessary, for the college purposes, for professors' houses, a campus, etc. The remainder of the tract, after the reservation of this part of the donation, was sold at long intervals and bought up by citizens who moved to the neighborhood, in order to educate their sons. In this manner the flourishing little town of Athens grew to its present proportions. The ground known as the "University domain," is occupied by various college buildings, consisting of a large library, a chapel, two dormitories, society halls, etc., in front, bordering upon the main street, and a presidential mansion with five professors' houses in the rear. The former part contains, say eight acres; the latter part thirty acres.

IT IS PROPOSED TO SELL THIS 30 ACRES.

As Governor Milledge's deed reserves the whole of the unsold lands in Athens for the college campus, an act of the Legislature is needed to enable the trustees to sell any more. This act has not yet been passed, although a motion with this object in view has, I observe, been introduced by Mr. Scott, of Floyd. It is most earnestly to be desired, first, that the Legislature should not pass the act, and, second, that if they do, the trustees should not sell the land. I urge the first proposition, not from any lack of confidence in the board, but simply because I regard Governor Milledge's grant to carry with it the preservation, intact, of the "University domain," and the Legislature will not, in my opinion, keep good faith with him by even so much as rendering possible the alienation of his high gift.

But, leaving out of view the propriety of the act as regards the terms of the donation, I propose to show the evil consequences of the sale, "per se." It is but simple justice to the trustees to state the cause inducing them to make this application to the Legislature. This cause may be summed up in three words: i. e., "*want of money*," and this—to the eternal shame of the State be it said—has always been the mill-stone around the neck of the State University. The college faculty is a large and expensive one, the appliances for putting into effect the recent changes in the curriculum are sadly insufficient, the lecture-rooms are inadequate to the demands of the officers, and the trustees "*want money*" to meet this emergency. This want they propose to satisfy by selling off 30 out of the 38 acres of the Milledge reservation. The following objections occur to me, viz:

I. The same consideration which the Atlanta people bring to bear against the Lyon property lies in this instance. There is no room for the enlargement of the establishment. The present front campus would be totally inconsistent with the dignity of a great institution. Any addition to the present buildings would require the re-purchase of ground upon which to place them, and the ground would have to be bought back at triple and quadruple the prices for which it was sold. And, moreover, in reply to the answer that there is no likelihood of the ground being needed, I have to rejoin that there is the greatest possible probability of such a necessity. The single matter of a gymnasium, where the contracted chests and attenuated limbs of the students might be expanded and strengthened, would require a large portion of this very ground which the board desire to sell. And as no channel of modern education is more neglected than this, so none is more likely to receive attention. All of the great educational institutions of the North and on the continent of Europe are awakening to the vital importance of "*sana mens in sano corpora*"—of sound minds in sound bodies.

II. The proposed sale deprives the president and professors of houses. The former, in the charter of the University, is entitled to a salary and residence upon college ground, free of rent. It is true, some individual presiding officer might find it perfectly convenient to relinquish the present very excellent house, but his successor would certainly expect to be provided with a mansion commensurate with the dignity of his position, and all of the money resulting from this sale would hardly suffice to replace the property. Again, the professors, it is true, pay rent for their houses, but at much lower rates than could possibly be had by going out into town and paying the rents there prevalent. Their salaries are confessedly utterly insufficient for the comfortable support of their families, and yet, the sale of their houses and the consequent necessity of paying higher rents for town houses reduces their income to a still smaller amount.

III. No one expects that the sum realized by the sale of the ground will be a large one. Nobody desires to buy such property save the present tenants or college boarding-house keepers. Neither of these classes are usually abounding with funds; so that the lands would be sold, at intervals, for very small sums, payable, in all probability, by promissory notes. The quantity of money thus gained, dropping in, at the rate of a thousand dollars a year, perhaps, would certainly go a very small distance towards "expanding the University," such being the object held in view by the projectors of this scheme.

IV. As this property, at present, stands, it is an investment paying the trustees a heavy interest. The rents of the houses by no means afford a fair estimate of the amount; in order to get at this, account should be taken of how much these six men would have to pay for town houses. This would surely be as much as $2,000, so that the lands would be required to bring very nearly $80,000 in order to yield their present interest. The man who supposes that this property would sell for $30,000, or for much more than one third of it, entertains a degree of sky-blue simplicity and sanguine confidence entirely worthy of the Rip Van Winkle community in which the land lies. But, in point of fact, this will not be a change of investment, but an expenditure of principal. The proposal does not imply the re-investment of this money in any shape which will yield a positive and stated income, but the expenditure of it in making sundry improvements of lecture-rooms, building a big brick wall or something of that sort, which (the theory is!) will so improve the attractions of the college as to increase its patronage to such an extent as to enable the board to "expand the University."

V. I am a graduate—as my pseudonym shows—of the college, and I expect none but an Alumnus to enter into my feeling of irrepressible, strong repugnance to this measure. I have a love for the good old university which extends to the trees and green grass on every foot of it. I speak for the twelve hundred graduates when I say that we cannot bear to see our old Alma Mater shorn of her leafy domain, and cut down to the proportions of a village school. Don't do this thing, gentlemen of the board. Don't authorize it, gentlemen of the Legislature—it grates upon our feelings—it rasps our sensibilities—it saddens us inexpressibly to see such an evidence of poverty and State neglect. Give the people one more chance to keep the college before you authorize or adopt a scheme which will shoot a keen pang of pain to the heart of every ALUMNUS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—Customs for the week ending 20th, $4,000,000.

Kenals & Co.'s distillery, of San Francisco, has been seized. The seizure aggregates $60,000.

Porter succeeds Farragut.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 25.—*Special to Telegram—Paris, August 25.*—There is a report that the attempt to assassinate McMahon was repeated this morning.

Reinforcements continue to go forward.

A number of Arab chiefs have gone.

The Poles are organizing for the French army.

Preparations for the reception of the wounded continue. Eugenie personally inspected the hospitals.

Bread is exorbitantly high in the rear of the Prussians.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, August 25.—Louise Murray, as principal, and Ellen Fallin, accessory, were sent before the Criminal Court, charged with kidnapping Digby's child. Bail five thousand dollars each.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, August 25.—The treasurer and paymaster have been enjoined from paying Holden's soldiers by Judge Mitchell.

Josiah Turner, editor of the Sentinel, Jacob Kerr, S. P. Hill and others, prisoners recently released, were received this afternoon at the North Carolina depot by a large concourse of citizens. A procession of mounted men and carriages decorated with flowers marched through the principal streets amid the wildest plaudits, and ladies waved their handkerchiefs. The procession halted before the Court house, and speeches were made.

During the speech of Robbins three cheers were given by ex-Confederates for the American flag that he held in his hand.

On the arrival of the train a national salute was fired in honor of the prisoners, Judge Brooks and habeas corpus. A large number of colored persons participated in the ovation.

The best order prevailed throughout the day.

All the speakers counseled moderation and conciliation.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 25.—The La Liberte firmly demands of the deputies to efface all individualities in our hour of need; we must not compromise the future of France; we must have but one grand object in view—the country. It also says, France, yesterday, gained a great victory. In one day many hundred million francs have been paid into the treasury. Prussia, for two months, sought to procure a less sum, vainly.

The National Guard and Garde Mobile are defending Toul very gallantly.

It is stated that the garrison, at Brussels, have been ordered immediately to the frontier.

The La Liberte, from private information, says that the siege of Paris is improbable now.

The Patrie repeats, formally, that the Prussians were defeated last Sunday.

An extract from the Journal Officiel says: "Our ports are free, and the fleet will soon strike boldly in the North and Baltic seas. Our commerce and industry are active—our credit good. There can be no comparison between our and the enemy's finances. Prussia looked for treachery here, and uneasily wonders at the promptitudes of the nation in arming and organizing, and understands by this time that the more the struggle is protracted the better our situation. Our resources of men and money are inexhaustible."

Though invaded, France arms the entire nation.

Neutral powers remain friendly, but comprehend there cannot now be a question of mediation.

The Siecle, commenting on the statement that the Imperial headquarters were at Rheims, says: "Who cares? Imperial headquarters can only be a superfluity—a superfetation—an embarrassment—a pretext for losing battles. The crisis is too great to talk of Imperial headquarters anywhere near those of the commander-in-chief."

ENGLAND.

LONDON, August 25.—Paris is utterly without news from the seat of war. The entrenchments around Metz are completed.

It is believed that a deputation of the Corps Legislatif has gone to the Emperor with a demand for his abdication.

The Corps Legislatif is now permanent, and is guarded by troops. It announces a provisional government imminent.

Belgium's neutrality is not violated. Belgium was at first inclined to yield on the ground of humanity, but finally declined.

No sally from Metz has been made since noon yesterday.

In the absence of official news, it is believed that the Prussians will not attack Paris, but will turn their attention to the reduction of Metz and the destruction of Bazaine, leaving the Crown Prince to cut off McMahon's communications with Paris and check him from moving to Bazaine's relief. It is further believed that the Prussians are strong enough to disregard McMahon's reinforcements, composed, as they are, of raw recruits.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Nicolas Azcarate, special envoy to the Spanish Government, is here to consult with the Cuban leaders upon terms of peace the ought Cuba. It is not certain yet whether the consultation will be had here or Havana.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 25, 9 A. M.—The Figaro has just issued an extra, containing the following news:

A person who arrived at Paris at eight o'clock to-night, coming from Epernay, reports that he heard in that city that the Prussians were defeated, to-day, between Verdun and Chalons. Groups of Prussian stragglers—cavalry and infantry—were continually coming into Chalons. The combat commenced at 3 o'clock in the morning. The news reached Chalons and Epernay at 3 P. M. There is nothing definite as to the numbers engaged. It is rumored that the entire army of Prince Charles was in the fight.

The order has been given to evacuate Epernay to-morrow.

The trains going East from Paris to Epernay, stopped at the Chateau Thiery, which is now the terminus of the line.

The Opinion Nationale says, that to all who think more of any other thing than of driving the Prussians from the soil of France, it recommends the perusal of the following passage from the published plans of attack:

"Paris can never be ours, unless it is owing to political circumstances or moral reasons which will obligate her defenders to open to us the gates.

"Political circumstances, says the Opinion, mean revolution, and moral reasons mean treachery.

The Council of Ministers was in session half of to-day.

The Committee of Defense have determined, on the approach of the enemy, to destroy the crops in the environs of Paris.

Great haste is urged on the farmers to store their produce before the enemy seizes it.

The Belgium Minister contradicts the statement that the Belgium Government permitted the passage of the Prussian wounded through Belgium.

The Journal Officiel says it seems all the news received at the Ministry says the Prussians push their reconoissance even into the town of Chalons.

The Northern Arrandisement of Vesay were occupied by the Prussians. Orders were given to oppose the Prussian march by every obstacle which the patriotism of the people can suggest.

RUHMEL, August 25.—It is supposed that McMahon and Bazaine have effected a junction, and will be supported by a quadrilatral composed of the fortresses of Montmedy, Verdun, Thionville, and Metz, and would await an attack. No important engagement is expected within two days.

GERMANY.

FRANKFORT, August 25.—The animals of the Zoological Garden have been removed—a part retained in the city and a part sent to Belgium.

More Prussian spies have been arrested taking plans of the works along the banks of the Seine; others have been arrested here; some have been detected with the troops of McMahon.

Remittances for the wounded have been received from Dublin. The Empress immediately acknowledged the contribution as follows:

This offering to the wounded French is received with gratitude to the generous sentiments which inspired this act of aid. Your wishes for the success of our arms, and the happiness of the Imperial family have profoundly touched his majesty.

The Prussian troops closely surround Strasbourg, yet the government treasurer managed to escape with 12,000f.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, August 25.—The Prussian Monitor says the King's headquarters are at Bar le Duc.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Cotton dull and unchanged; sales 900; Uplands 19¾. Flour State and Western firmer and less active; superfine 5 40a5 65; Southern steady; common to fair extra 6 00a6 90. Wheat, white firm; winter red and Western amber 1 30a1 42. Beef quiet. Pork 27 95a28 00. Lard steady. Whisky 94½a95. Groceries dull. Turpentine quiet. Rosin firm. Tallow 9¼a9¾. Freights firmer; wheat, steam 5¾a6. Money easy at 4a5. Exchange dull, nominally unchanged. Gold 16¾a17. Governments heavy and lower. 62's 11¾; Southerns dull; Tennessees and Virginias somewhat stronger.

Excitement in the gold room renewed. Gold opened at 18, declined to 16¾, rallied to 17, then declined ½; dealings heavy at various fluctuations; quiet during the afternoon to the close. 62's 11¾; 64's 10a10½; 05's 11; new 9¾; 7's 9¾; 8's 10¼; 40's 8⅞.

BALTIMORE, August 25.—Flour unchanged. Wheat active, white 1 40a1 65. White corn 1 05a1 12; Southern yellow 90a95. Provisions unchanged. Whisky 92a93.

NEW ORLEANS, August 25.—Cotton dull, tendency downward; middlings 17¼a17½; Flour firmer, superfine 5 25; double 5 95; treble 6 25a6 50. Corn dull; mixed 80a85; white 1 15. Other quotations unchanged. Gold 17. Sterling 20½a30; sight ¾ premium.

MOBILE, August 25.—Cotton easier; middlings 17½a18; net receipts 34; sales 50; exports coastwise 1; stock 9358.

CINCINNATI, August 25.—Flour dull and unchanged. Corn dull at 77a78. Whisky dull at 90a91. Pork 28 80. Shoulders 14¼; clear sides 16½. Lard 16.

LOUISVILLE, August 25.—Bagging active at 20 50a30 00. Flour declining; extra family 5 50. Corn unchanged. Shoulders 14¼; clear sides 18¼. Whisky 91a92.

ST. LOUIS, August 25.—Hemp and bagging firm on change. Corn and flour dull on change. Whisky 94. Provisions quiet. Bacon on orders—shoulders 14½; clear sides 18¾. Lard 16a16¾.

SAVANNAH, August 25.—Cotton opened active, but is now quiet, offerings very light; low middlings 17½; sales 300; net receipts 127; stock 1284.

CHARLESTON, August 25.—Cotton quiet; middlings 18¾; sales 50; net receipts 284; exports coastwise 753; stock 915.

AUGUSTA, August 25.—Cotton market dull and easier; middlings 17½a17½; sales 106; net receipts 50.

GALVESTON, August 25.—Cotton quiet; good ordinary 15; net receipts 27; stock 5,234.

LIVERPOOL, August 25—Evening.—Cotton closed with an upward tendency; Uplands 9; Orleans 9¼; sales 9000 bales; speculation and exports 2,000. Corn 30d. Tallow 43d 6s.

LONDON, August 25.—Consols 91¾. Bonds 87½. Sugar active.

FRANKFORT, August 25.—Bonds heavy at 91⅛a91¼.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ MUSQUITO CANOPIES — NEW designs this morning—hung up in the city free of charge. Step Ladders for stores and dwellings. New Window Shades.

S. S. KENDRICK & SON.

☞ WE WANT A BOY.

aug26-dtf

☞ OBITUARY NOTICES.—ALL Obituary Notices will be charged at the rate of TWO CENTS A WORD. Cash must accompany the notices. aug24-dtf

☞ FOR CONGRESS.—HAVING been up for Congress at the last Presidential election, in the First District—at the request of my many good friends—I feel that I am YET a candidate for that high office within their gift.

Having been over twenty years working in harmony with those gentlemen who rule Congress, I feel that I might do much good for the people of Georgia, without regard to color, race or sexes.

I, therefore, ask all those who may approve of my political acts in the Georgia Senate, to be pleased to give me your support and your votes at the polls. A. ALPEORA BRADLEY.

aug15-d3w

New Advertisements.

The Orphans' Free School,

Founded and maintained by the

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,

On the corner of Forsyth and Walton Streets,

Will Commence its Fourth Session,

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1870.

Mrs. E. Y. HILL, Principal.

aug26-dtf

Mrs. Josephine Ballard's

FEMALE SCHOOL,

Marietta Street,

ATLANTA..... GEORGIA.

FACULTY.	TERMS PER SCHOLASTIC MONTH.
Mrs. JOSEPHINE BALLARD, English	$4 00
Mlle MATTHIA VAN DEN CORPUT, French and Latin, each	2 00
Miss LEILA COWART, Music	5 00
Mrs. GOODMAN, Drawing	2 00
Contingent fee, per term	1 00

The exercises of this school will be resumed August 30, 1870. No pupils taken for less than three months. No deduction except in cases of protracted sickness.

Pupils are earnestly urged to enter at the beginning of the session, and commence the course with their classes, a circumstance of the highest importance on the result of the term.

aug26-d3t

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to me are hereby notified that my son, Richard Bonnefield, is no longer in my employment, and is, therefore, not authorized to collect any debts due me, or make any obligations binding upon me. This 25th August, 1870. CHARLES BONNEFELD.

aug26-d4t

THE CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL

—OF THE—

Rev. Hermann Bokum,

WILL be re-opened on Monday, August 29th, corner of Broad and Marietta Streets, second story. Terms—(German included) $5, in advance. French, Latin or Greek, $1 extra.

aug24-d1t

ROKENBAUGH BLOCK.

24 CITY LOTS, adjoining residence of ex-Mayor Williams, in Eastern part of the city, will be sold on the premises, at 4½ o'clock, THIS EVENING.

Don't wait for personal invitations. Come to our office, next to James' Bank, at 4 o'clock; and take conveyance out to this beautiful eminence, overlooking the city.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
aug26-d1t Real Estate Agents.

POPE & BROWN, Attorneys at Law, Atlanta, Georgia.—Will practice in the Federal Courts held in Atlanta; also, in the Superior Courts of Savannah, and the State Courts held in Atlanta; also, in the Supreme Courts—Federal and State. Office—Granite Block, Broad Street.

JOHN D. POPE. JULIUS L. BROWN.

aug26-d1m

EXECUTRIX SALE.

WILL be sold on the first Tuesday in October next, within the legal hours of sale, in the town of Lawrenceville, Gwinnett county, Georgia, the lands belonging to the estate of Hershey D. Landers, deceased, to-wit:

One hundred and fifty acres, more or less, of lot of land number one hundred and seventy seven, and eighty acres, more or less, of lot number one hundred and fifty-six, all in the sixth district of Gwinnett county. On said tracts are forty acres of better land, lying on the west of Beaver Ruin Creek, joining lands of Eli McDaniel, Eli J. McDaniel, E. W. Saunders, and others. Sold to enable the undersigned, executrix of said deceased, and for distribution among the heirs.

Terms—Part cash, and remainder on time, which will be made known on day of sale.

August 23, 1870. SUSAN LANDERS, Executrix.

aug26 wtds Printer's fee $10.

NOTICE.

THE Democratic Party of DeKalb county are requested to meet in Decatur on the first Tuesday in September next, to select delegates to the Convention to be held at Cartersville on Tuesday, the third of September, to nominate candidates to the unexpired term of the 41st Congress and to the 42d Congress.

The usual number of the county may be regularly represented on this occasion, I would suggest that the citizens in each militia district hold meetings and appoint five delegates to said meeting.

WILLIAM S. MCINTOSH,
Chairman Democratic Executive Committee.

August 23, 1870—d1w&wk

IMPORTANT TO DRY GOODS HOUSES.

FOR SALE, a most desirable assortment of Dry Goods, well selected and adapted to the trade of this city, and worthy the attention of the first houses. The present owners are determined to close business on 1st September. For inventory of the same apply to George Schaefer, of Wareham, corner of Hunter and Pryor Streets, or the stock can be seen in the store of S. Cooney & Co., Columbus, Georgia, and there the can be rented and has best custom.

aug26-dsept

FOR SALE,

A BRICK RESIDENCE,

CONTAINING seven well finished rooms, besides kitchen and outhouses, situated in a good neighborhood, and within five minutes walk of the NEW HOTEL and PASSENGER DEPOT. Price only $5,500.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
aug24-d3t Real Estate Agents.

FAIR IN MACON.

ON the 6th day of September will be Rented the two Boating Houses, one for Ladies and one for Gentlemen, on the Fair Grounds, each 100 feet, with convenience for cooking. Also, at the same time, the Booths on let the Hippodrome, and two Refreshment Stands on the Promenade of the Hippodrome. The Hippodrome is covered with shingles, and the stands are very desirable. Terms made known at the time of renting. T. C. MCCLENSBURG,
aug26 d1tSept Secretary.

Don't Read This!

The best opportunity ever known for SPECULATION.

To Mechanics, Machinists and Farmers, a rare chance to secure a profitable business that emergents them, with from One to Five Thousand Dollars can clear Two to Five Thousand per year.

For information apply to

J. BOYLES' AUCTION HOUSE,
Nearly opposite National Hotel.
aug24-d2

RAILROAD HOTEL,

AT STONE MOUNTAIN,

W. C. HUMPHREYS, PROPRIETOR

IS prepared to feed passengers on the Railroad, and the public generally, in good style. No pains will be spared to have the tables well furnished with the best the country can afford, fixed up to suit the taste of the most fastidious. Being very close to the depot, it gives the passengers ample time to eat and not be hurried. june26dtm

Lime! Lime! Lime!

CHOICE WHITE LIME by barrel or car loads. Also, Produce of all kinds.

For sale by CHARLES F. BENSON,
Commission Merchant,
junel8-dtf No. 15 North Forsyth Street.

AT AUCTION.

TWENTY-SIX AND A HALF ACRES LAND,

On Greens' Ferry Road,

ONE MILE FROM WEST END.

THE property will be sold to the highest bidder, THURSDAY EVENING, at 5 o'clock, at our office, next to James's Bank.

Parties desiring a suburban Farm, near West End, would do well to attend this sale.

Plat of property can be seen at our office.

Terms made known on day of sale.

Remember the time and place—next Thursday evening, at our office.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
aug23-d3t Real Estate Agents.

SNELLING HOUSE

GREENESBORO, GA.

By Mrs. J. A. SNELLING

MEALS at all Hours. Porters will attend the trains regularly. feb13 dtf

LaGrange High School

FOR BOYS,

LaGrange.....Georgia.

ROBERT E. PARK, A. M.....Principal.
ORVILLE A. BULL, A. B., } .....Assistants.
EDWARD D. ELMER, A. B., }

THE FALL SESSION of this School for BOYS and YOUNG MEN begins Monday, August 29th, 1870, and continues thirteen weeks.

Tuition—$12 00 to $30 00 per term, according to class of Studies.

Board—$16 00 per month.

For catalogues apply to the Principal.

aug23-d1w&w4t

Sixth District Democratic Congressional Convention.

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA., August 22, 1870.

A CONVENTION of the Democratic party of the Sixth Congressional District is hereby called, to assemble at Gainesville, Hall county, on Wednesday, September 21st, to nominate a candidate for the 42d Congress.

The people of the different counties of the district are requested to hold primary meetings on the first Tuesday in next month, and appoint delegates to said convention. It is earnestly hoped that every county will be fully represented, that there may be a fair and satisfactory expression of the popular choice.

WM. E. SIMMONS, Chairman.
Democratic Executive Committee, 6th Dist.

The District papers will please copy.

aug21-dtf

COLUMBIA ATHENÆUM,

TENNESSEE.

A FIRST-CLASS SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES. ADVANTAGES—Elegant grounds (23 acres), healthy location, capacious buildings, $10,000 Apparatus, well selected Library of 11,000 volumes, large rooms and sleeping rooms, with fire in each, abundantly supplied table. Full and efficient Faculty—33 years' experience. Course of instruction thorough and complete. Prices reduced. Number of Matriculates 7,485 and 714 graduates. No Sectarianism. Sessions open Monday, September 5th. Catalogues FREE.

MRS. F. G. SMITH, Principal.
WM. A. SMITH, A. M., Secretary.

aug24-d&w1m

THE COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES

OF Atlanta Medical College will take place at DeGive's Opera House on Thursday, 25th inst., at 11 o'clock, A.M. The address on the part of the Faculty, will be delivered by Rev. Dr. Brantly. The public are respectfully invited to attend. D. C. O'KEEFE, Dean.

aug24-d3t

Atlanta Steam Brewery.

Ale, Porter and Beer.

Temporary Office, Granite Block, Broad Stre et

ATLANTA, GA.

aug24-d3m SPENCER & CO.

FREE BARBECUE,

—AND—

Great Sale at Norcross!

Will be sold on Saturday, 27th instant,

FIFTY LOTS AT NORCROSS.

Cars will leave Atlanta at 10 minutes past 8.

Fare—One Dollar the Round Trip.

NORCROSS is the best situated place in twenty miles of Atlanta for trade or living. It is 128 feet higher than Atlanta. I hope all my friends will come and partake of

THE BARBECUE.

Even if they do not buy a lot.

aug24-d3t J. J. THRASHER.

GEORGIA ACADEMY FOR THE BLIND.

THE next term of this Institution will begin on Monday, September 12th. It receives as pupils in the school department, such youths, male and female, as are incurably blind to that degree which prevents education in the ordinary methods, between the ages of eight and twenty-one years, of sound mind, healthy condition, and of good moral character and habits, and takes as apprentices in its Department of Handicrafts blind men not too old to learn a trade. Blind persons of Georgia, who are unable to pay for board and tuition, are taken without charge, being supported upon the State appropriations.

The Institution is furnished with all the usual facilities for instruction and training of the blind, and has accommodations ample, it is thought, for every one in the State, properly qualified for admission. Information in regard to blind youths is solicited, and the help of their friends towards securing their attendance at the Academy is invited.

Address: W. D. WILLIAMS, Principal,
Macon, Georgia.

The Principal will be in Atlanta on Thursday, September 8th, for the purpose of receiving new pupils that may be sent to him in that city, and conveying them, with others in his charge, to Macon. He may be found, on that day, by inquiry at the office of THE CONSTITUTION.

Macon, Ga., August 23, 1870. aug25-d2&wlt

☞ Chevalier

The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Georgia, August 20, 1870

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Index to New Advertisements.

The Orphans' Free School—Mrs. E. Y. Hill.

Important to Dry Good Houses—P. E. McDaniel & Co.

Twenty-four City Lots for Sale—Bell & Hammock.

Female School—Josephine Ballard.

Classical and English School—Hermann Bokum.

Attorneys at Law—Pope & Brown.

Executrix' Sale—Susan Landers.

Take Notice—Charles Bonnefield.

THE Atlanta Posto-fice has received a large and elegant safe.

A BRANCH telegraph and railway ticket office has been opened at the National Hotel.

THE Rev. Hermann Bokum will re-open his school on nex Monday. See advertisement.

THE Orphans' Free School commences its fourth session on the 1st of September.

MESSRS. BELL & HAMMOCK sell twenty-four lots in the Rockenbagh block this afternoon.

DECATUR is only six miles from Atlanta, yet it requires three or four days for a letter to reach here from the Ordinary's office there.

OVERBY Lodge of Good Templars meets to-night at 8 o'clock, in James' building. Candidates for membership are requested to be in attendance.

P. E. MCDANIEL & Co. received the second bale of new cotton yesterday. It was shipped by W. L. Lampkin, of Monroe county, and sold at 18 cents.

A FINE drawing, in water colors, of the new church edifice of Wesley Chapel, can be seen at Phillips & Crew's book-store. It is certainly a handsome structure.

Two young gentlemen, accompanied by "ladies fair," got lost on Stone Mountain yesterday. A suitable reward will be given for their recovery.

A ST. LOUIS firm advertises that it "wants a boy!" We know whole families in the same situation, and rather than be particular would be content with a "gal."

A PACKAGE of letters and papers addressed to a firm at the corner of Whitehall and Mitchell streets was found yesterday. The owners can get the package by calling at this office and paying for this notice.

A 15TH AMENDMENT at Sullivan's mill, while under a circular saw, received a flesh wound in the shoulder from the revolving saw. The 15th amendment is doing well. The teeth of the saw had to be re-set.

THE "Gordon Knights" ride at Oglethorpe Park this afternoon at 5 o'clock, for a silver cup, presented by Captain T. B. Archer. Bets are being made of two to one on the Knight of the Red Hand.

IT IS rumored that a bill, introduced in the House, by Parks, of Gwinnett, to change the lines between the counties of DeKalb and Gwinnett, was called up on Wednesday, and could not be found. Has there been any foul play about the bill?

THERE was quite a gathering of ladies at the Rink yesterday, and we are pleased to learn that arrangements were made for the coming tableaux. The ladies will have a meeting at the Rink on Saturday evening, at half-past 5 o'clock.

OUR energetic friend, Frank P. Rice, the opulent lumber merchant, has completed his palatial residence on Peachtree street, and will move in early next week. Of course, that "housewarming" will come off about that time. Major Cox will preside at the table.

GRAVE charges have been made, through the columns of THE CONSTITUTION, against the Clerk of the House of Representatives, by a member of that body. Will the House ignore the charges, or will they appoint a committee to investigate?

JUDGE JOHN D. POPE has associated with him, in the practice of law, our talented young friend, Julius L. Brown, who, we predict, will make his mark in this State. The firm is an excellent one, and business entrusted to their care will be faithfully and promptly attended to.

WE are indebted to Allen J. Veal, Esq., one of the solid men and most successful planters in Gwinnett county, for a sample of his fine watermelons. It was really luscious and refreshing. Mr. Veal raised one this year weighing thirty-six pounds. He never fails in making good melons.

WE saw a young "lovyer" exhibit, yesterday afternoon, upon the arrival of the Atlanta and LaGrange passenger train, unmistakable emotions of pleasure upon meeting with his "flame," who had just arrived, and the last was seen of them they were taking a buggy ride together as happy as clams at high tide.

WE are informed by the General Ticket Agent of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, that the turn-out presented to Captain Blodgett was not altogether from the officers of the road, but that outside parties united in making the gift. We suggest that the best course to pursue is to give the names of the donors to the public.

WHILE on Peachtree street yesterday evening, we espied a bachelor friend kissing a little baby, giving it sugar, and indulging in the fondest appellations. In fact, he exhibited the strongest symtoms of a disease that can only be cured by calling on Judge Daniel Pittman. He only charges $1 75 for the formula or prescription, which any M. G. can put up.

THE Western and Atlantic Railroad is the property of the people of Georgia. They have a right to know what becomes of the earnings of the road. And when we couple the fact that its officials are receiving presents and exhibiting signs of thrift, with the fact that no money is being paid into the State Treasury from the road, it looks somewhat strange. Yes, "passing strange."

WE were misinformed as to the character of the accident at the Kennesaw Mills on Wednesday. From Judge B. R. Strong, the efficient book-keeper, we learn that the floor of the second story of the warehouse, where bran and flour were stored, gave way on Wednesday morning. The warehouse is attached to the Mill, but the accident does not interfere in the least with the operations of the Mill. The damage was slight, and will be repaired in a few days. No one was hurt. The Kennesaw is still turning out its superior brands of flour, and will, we trust, continue to do so for an age or two to come.

IT was rumored on the streets yesterday evening, that Governor Bullock had appointed Hon. O. A. Lochrane, Judge of the Atlanta Circuit. The appointment met with universal approval, and the people, without respect to party, congratulated themselves upon the event. Upon investigation we learned that Judge Lochrane, had, (though at the sacrifice of a heavy practice) at the request of prominent citizens, consented to serve, though not an aspirant for the position. We are further assured that Governor Bullock signified his willingness to make the appointment, if Judge Lochrane could be induced to accept. Judge Lochrane will make an able, impartial and dignified Judge, and will not soil the judicial ermine by dragging it into the cesspool of politics. The dockets are now crowded with cases, and we hope that Governor Bullock will rise above party malignancy and grant the request of the people.

ATLANTA MEDICAL COLLEGE EXERCISES.—A large and highly respectable assemblage attended the Annual Commencement Exercises of the Medical College of Atlanta, yesterday, at De Give's Opera House. On the stage we noticed the Faculty, Board of Trustees, Rev. Dr. Brantly and Rev. Mr. S. Landrum, also Mayor Ezzard.

In the building was stationed the colored band, who, for the occasion, appeared to excel themselves. After music by the band, there was a prayer by the Rev. Mr. Landrum, of Savannah.

The degree of Doctor in Medicine was conferred by Dr. Thompson on fifteen graduates who presented themselves, with the approval of the Faculty of the College, handing to each his diploma as he responded to his name. In a little while these young gentlemen, and we are informed that there were quite a number of talented ones in the class, were all invested with their passport to public recognition and confidence, and it is needless to say that they retired from the presence of the Faculty with more than an ordinary sense of their responsibility. The following is a list of graduates: Hiram Perdue, Albert Raiford, A H Clarke, J M Daniel, F S Miller, H T Dennis,

[illegible] AND DEALER IN [illegible], Stoves, Tinware, Hollow Ware, Wood and Willow Ware, Mats, Brushes, Rope, Twine, Wrapping Paper, Window Glass, Putty, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Lamps, Chimneys, Wicks, Burners, Shades, Lamp Trimmings, Table Cutlery, Pocket Cutlery, Shears, Scissors, Razors, Razor Strops, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Wallets, Gun Caps, Powder, Shot, Fishing Tackle, Fishing Reels, Fishing Lines, Hooks, Sinkers, Floats, Rods, Baskets, Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Parasols, Canes, Whips, Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, Horse Blankets, Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Collars, Saddle Trees, Saddlery Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Hosiery, Notions, Fancy Goods, Toys, Perfumery, Soaps, Combs, Brushes, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, Stationery, Blank Books, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Mucilage, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Wall Paper, Window Shades, Fixtures, Cornices, Curtain Goods, Curtain Trimmings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, Pictures, Engravings, Chromos, Oil Paintings, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Plated Ware, Britannia Ware, Iron Ware, Steel Ware, Tin Ware, Copper Ware, Brass Ware, Agricultural Implements, Machinery, Mill Gearing, Belting, Hose, Packing, Pumps, Fire Engines, Fire Buckets, Fire Extinguishers, Safes, Locks, Keys, Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Sporting Goods, Musical Instruments, Strings, Cornets, Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, Drums, Tambourines, Triangles, Cymbals, Bells, Sheet Music, Books, Pamphlets, Periodicals, Newspapers, Magazines, Reviews, Almanacs, Directories, Maps, Charts, Globes, Medicines, Drugs, Chemicals, Dyestuffs, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Glass, Putty, Perfumery, Soaps, Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines, Liquors, Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Gins, Rums, Cordials, Ales, Porters, Beers, Cider, Vinegar, Pickles, Sauces, Spices, Mustard, Pepper, Ginger, Cloves, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Mace, Allspice, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Cocoa, Molasses, Syrup, Honey, Rice, Grits, Hominy, Starch, Farina, Tapioca, Sago, Arrowroot, Corn Starch, Gelatine, Isinglass, Macaroni, Vermicelli, Candies, Confectionery, Fruits, Nuts, Raisins, Figs, Dates, Prunes, Canned Fruits, Canned Meats, Canned Vegetables, Pickled Fruits, Pickled Vegetables, Pickled Meats, Pickled Fish, Oysters, Sardines, Anchovies, Herrings, Mackerel, Codfish, Salmon, Trout, Halibut, Smoked Beef, Hams, Bacon, Shoulders, Sides, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Poultry, Game, Venison, Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Lamb, Sausages, Bologna, Tripe, Head Cheese, Pigs' Feet, Sweetbreads, Kidneys, Livers, Tongues, Brains, Hearts, Tails, Feet, Bones, Offal, Meat, Fish, Flesh, Fowl, Vegetables, Fruits, Grain, Flour, Meal, Bran, Shorts, Middlings, Feed, Hay, Straw, Fodder, Corn, Oats, Rye, Barley, Wheat, Buckwheat, Peas, Beans, Potatoes, Onions, Turnips, Cabbages, Lettuce, Celery, Radishes, Beets, Carrots, Parsnips, Salsify, Asparagus, Artichokes, Cauliflowers, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Kale, Spinach, Sorrel, Dandelions, Mustard, Cress, Parsley, Sage, Thyme, Marjoram, Rosemary, Basil, Tarragon, Chives, Garlic, Shallots, Leeks, Horseradish, Rhubarb, Tomatoes, Egg Plants, Okra, Peppers, Pumpkins, Squashes, Melons, Cucumbers, Gherkins, Corn, Beans, Peas, Potatoes, Onions, Turnips, Cabbages, Lettuce, Celery, Radishes, Beets, Carrots, Parsnips, Salsify, Asparagus, Artichokes, Cauliflowers, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Kale, Spinach, Sorrel, Dandelions, Mustard, Cress, Parsley, Sage, Thyme, Marjoram, Rosemary, Basil, Tarragon, Chives, Garlic, Shallots, Leeks, Horseradish, Rhubarb, Tomatoes, Egg Plants, Okra, Peppers, Pumpkins, Squashes, Melons, Cucumbers, Gherkins.

[illegible] Sole Agent for the Sale of [illegible] Manufactured by the [illegible] Company, [illegible] Georgia

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA, GA.

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The following gentlemen are regularly authorized as local Agents to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

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ON THE LOAD OF HAY.

Some one stole my heart away,
Riding on a load of hay;
I looked up, and he looked down,
Handsome, sunburnt Johnny Brown.
"Have a lift?" said he to me,
While his eyes danced merrily.
"Yes, I thank you, sir!" said I,
Nowise bashful in reply.

Side by side we rode way,
Sitting in the fragrant hay.
Johnny said, "It's pleasant weather."
Then we blushed and laughed together.
Johnny whispered then; said he,
"Will you ride again with me?"
What I said I shall not tell,
But Johnny liked my answer well.

NANCY.

The Crown Prince over the blue Moselle
Has crossed in fact, not fancy;
For he left a nice little story to tell
To Nancy.

He put on his sword and his sharpest spurs,
And, taking up the advance, he
Made Marshal McMahon stop making love
With Nancy.

The Marshal retired to the fortress of Troul,
And did at a single glance see
The Crown Prince draw to his royal breast
Sweet Nancy.

It made him so mad to see such a sight—
So deeply enraged—that to dance he
Began, because he'd for many years
Loved Nancy.

So he waxed his moustache till 'twas stiff as glue,
And, sharpening his lance, he
Straddled his horse and bade adieu
To Nancy.

And the Crown Prince looked on with a fierce grim smile,
And, as if in a pleasant trance, he
Poured a tale of love in the little ears
Of Nancy.

And sitting there till this very day
His fortunes to enhance, he
Offers his hand and he offers his heart
To Nancy.

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, August 25. 3 o'clock. P. M.

Business brisk, but quotations remain without material change.

Considerable activity in bacon; one firm sold over 10,000 pounds this morning.

COTTON—Market steady at 16 for middlings; 15 for low middlings; 14 for good ordinary, and 13¼ for ordinary. Receipts light.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 14; selling at 1 16. Silver buying at 1 06; selling at 1 10. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 40, by car load, 1 45 in small lots. Rice, 10½c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c; Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A, 10½c; Extra C, 10; Yellow, C, 14½a15; Brown, 14a14½. Rio Coffee, 20a24; Java, 35a38c. Beeswax, 33a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 40c. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25c. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 12½a13c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 35a40. Apples 7 barrels per bbl. Eggs, 25 per doz. by the lot.

PROVISIONS—There is a light stock of bacon and prices rule stiff. Clear sides command 20a20½; clear rib sides 19½a20; shoulders 16½; plain hams 22a25; canvassed 26a28.

LARD—Choice in barrels 19a19½; kegs and cans 20a21; inferior 18a19.

FLOUR—In active demand and stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 6 25a6 50; extra 6 50a7 00; family 7 00a8 00; fancy 8 00a8 50.

FACTORY GOODS.—The supply of Factory Goods is ample and the quality the best. offered in any market. Brown Shirtings, ⅞ 10a11; 8.4Shirting 3-4, 9, 4-4 12a13; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7a9½; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 11½a11½; Brown drills, 14½; Bleached Drills, 13½; Stripes, 16½a18½; Checks, 18½a19; Montour Osnaburgs, 16½a17; Troup, 15½; Yarns, 1 50.

BULK MEATS—Are also in light supply; clear sides 19a19½; clear rib sides 18½a19; shoulders 14½a15.

GRAIN—Choice prime white corn very scarce; mixed and yellow more abundant. We quote mixed and yellow at $1 30, and prime white $1 35 in car load lots at depot. Wheat—red 1 20; white 1 30. The demand for Oats is steady at 65a70 per bushel in car load lots. Rye. 1 25 in but little demand.

DRY GOODS.—In dry goods, Atlanta equals New York, and our wholesale dealers can duplicate New York bills, saving freight and expense of travel there and back. We call attention to the quotations: Atlanta 11; sprague, 10½a11; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 7; Amoskeag, 9 1-2. Ticking, Pittsfield, 10; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern, B, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 32; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 35. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

TOBACCO.—Atlanta is one of the best tobacco markets in the United States, for price and quality. We quote low grades, sound medium, summer work, 65. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand May sweat) 60a62½; fine 90a1 00; choice 1 25; best 20.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 a1 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 50a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 6os, 5 75; 3s, common, 6 75; 3s, fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 20a25; German, 18a20.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½as. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone. 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 80. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

COW FEED.—Hay, 1 70a1 85 per 100 lbs. Peas, (scarce) 2 75 per bushel; wheat bran 1 25 per 100 lbs; Oil meal 2½c per lb. &c

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime 65c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 4 00 per barrel, Jameper barrel. per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 5 per barrel.

POWDER AND SHOT—Sporting, 5 25. Patent keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; ½, 3 00.

shot, per bag, 2 75; Peeled Peaches 8a12c; DRIED FRUIT—Apples 4a5c.

not peeled 4; PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, OILS at 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a per gallon, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a 1 40; Lard, 1 40a3 00; Pure Winter, 3 00a4 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 43a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11½a15; do., pure, 16½.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 3 00a38 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; finingskins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6½a7½, owing to size; stock fair; no demand. Live cattle on foot, choice 5a5½c; common 3½a4c gross. Stock light.

Communicated.]

☞ Lord Lyons, the British Minister at Paris, is given as authority for the statement that it was the French people who demanded war, and the Emperor and Ministry were obliged to accede. Very likely somebody has said so for him.

Railroads.

THE
GREAT SOUTHERN
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!
VIA
ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANCE OF CARS
BETWEEN
West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection
VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase **Through Tickets** and have their **Baggage Checked** through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,
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BY
Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars
ON
All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta
BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a
Splendid Line of Steamships
From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.
THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at
Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta
TO
NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
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1870!

PASSENGERS DESIRING TO VISIT
ANY OF THE
Northern, Southern, Eastern,
—OR—
WESTERN CITIES
Should study well the attractions offered by the
WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD,
The celebrated Passenger Route of the South.

The Only Route from Atlanta
RUNNING A DOUBLE
DAILY THROUGH PASSENGER TRAIN,
Preventing the Possibility of a Delay of Twenty-Four (24) hours, incident to lines running but one Daily Train.

The Passenger Equipment of this Road is Superior to that of any Road in the South.

In addition to the
LUXURIOUS COACHES
Of the Road, there are attached to all night trains the FAR FAMED
Pullman Sleepers,
Which furnish accommodations equal to a first-class Hotel.

There are on sale at reduced rates, for the summer season, TICKETS to
Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs,
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And other resorts

IN THE UNITED STATES.

This is the only Road in the South offering for sale Through Tickets to
Yokohama, Japan,
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Steamers Leave San Francisco
—FOR—
CHINA AND JAPAN,
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THE GREAT REPUTATION

Which KOSKOO has attained in all parts of country

AS A GREAT AND GOOD MEDICINE!

And the Large Numbers of Testimonials

which are constantly being received from Physicians, and persons *who have* BEEN CURED by its use, is CONCLUSIVE PROOF of ITS REMARKABLE VALUE.

AS A BLOOD PURIFIER,
IT HAS NO EQUAL,
BEING POSITIVELY
The Most Powerful Vegetable Alterative Yet Discovered.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a Scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood, as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions, this of bad blood is founded in truth.

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain—bad Digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues loose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue becomes pale, broad, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in *roughness* of the skin, then in ERUPTIVE AND ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the Brain, Liver, Lungs, or urinary apparatus. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that one-fifth of the human family are effected with scrofula in some form.

When the Blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many impurities of the Blood arise from impure diseases of large cities. Eradicate every impurity from the fountain of life, and good spirits, fair skin and vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO,
AS A
Liver Invigorator!
STANDS UNRIVALLED
Being the only KNOWN Medicine

that *EFFICIENTLY stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the Liver *instead of copious purging*, it *gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown spots on the face and other parts of the body; dulness and drowsiness, sometimes, headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat; in many cases a dry, teasing cough; unsteady appetite; sometimes sour stomach, with a raising of much food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and sides; aggravating pains in the side, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, etc.

KOSKOO!

Is a remedy of *Wonderful Efficacy* in the *cure* of diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder: In these Affections it is as near a specific as any remedy can be. It does its work kindly, silently, and surely. The Relief which it affords is both certain and perceptible.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Persons unacquainted with the structure and functions of the Kidneys can not estimate the *importance* of their *healthy action.*

Regular and sufficient action of the Kidneys is as important, nay, even more so, than regularity of the bowels. The Kidneys remove from the Blood those effete matters which, if permitted to remain, would speedily destroy life. A total suspension of the urinary discharges will occasion death from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or neglected, but KOSKOO should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion of the organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from those of the Kidneys, the Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, prove irritating to the Bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys through the general circulation of the Blood, we see how necessary it is to keep the Fountain of Life Pure.

KOSKOO!

Meets with GREAT SUCCESS in the CURE of

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to the concomitant evils of mental depression, confused ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken-down nervous systems, and, unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over-work (mental and physical), are causing diseases of the nervous system to increase at a fearful rate.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows:

A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical Headaches, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of Ideas; Temporary Loss of Memory; Dejection of Spirits; Starting during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not promptly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

KOSKOO
Is NOT a *secret* quack remedy. FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

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NORFOLK, VA.
Price, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

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AT
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TOMMEY
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&
OUR STOCK IS LARGE
STEWART,
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INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAW GOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Sundowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

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ROSADALIS!

ROSADALIS

THE Great American Health Restorer. It purifies the blood and cures Scrofula, Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases of Women, and all Chronic Affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.

Read the testimony of Physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis; send for our Rosadalis Guide to Health Book or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution; it will give you much valuable information.

Rosadalis is the only KNOWN Medicine that *EFFICIENTLY stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the Liver *instead of copious purging*, it *gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

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When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or neglected, but ROSADALIS should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion of the organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from those of the Kidneys, the Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, prove irritating to the Bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys through the general circulation of the Blood, we see how necessary it is to keep the Fountain of Life Pure.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.

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Wholesale Agent, Atlanta, Ga., sells Rosadalis at Proprietors rates. may 1-dly

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THIS well known Railroad Dinner House has recently undergone thorough repairs, and the Proprietor is now better prepared to accommodate his guests than formerly.

The Bar is supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

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A NEW DISCOVERY!!
PHALON'S
"VITALIA;"
OR,
Salvation for the Hair.
CLEAR AS WATER!
WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!
OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!

For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

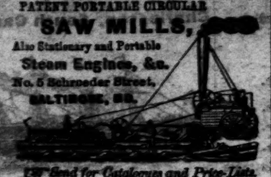
PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and cloudless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

☞ Phalon's Vitalia is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications, according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all Druggists.

Baltimore Notices.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR
SAW MILLS,
Also Stationary and Portable
Steam Engines, &c.
No. 5 Schroeder Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.



☞ Send for Catalogues and Price Lists.
july21-dly

J. Wesley Bates, | Jos. W. Skelton.
Late of Perryville.
UNITED STATES HOTEL,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED.
Centrally located.
feb13-dtf

To All Whom it May Concern.

YOUR attention is called to sections 377 and 378 of the City Code. They have been so amended that one notification from me is sufficient, and I now notify all parties, who comes under the scope of said sections, to remove all obstructions, Sweepings, Hair, Fuel, Slop, or Washings, within six hours, and will say that you are not allowed to put the boxes, used to place such accumulation in, upon the street or sidewalk, except on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, when a Scavenger Cart will pass around and empty them.

apr20-dtf G. W. ANDERSON, Marshal.

Valuable Real Estate,
AT GAINESVILLE, GA., FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE built and occupied by Haise Bewdry, deceased, a summer residence. Any amount of Wood Land can be purchased, convenient.

Apply to
E. A. GOWER,
Or, R. V. COBB,
Gainesville, Ga.

N. B.—Some Valuable Mill Property for sale in the immediate vicinity of Gainesville. apr10-dtf

DR. W. A. HOOTEN'S
INFIRMARY FOR THE BLIND,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CONTINUES to perform the most remarkable cures of the age on the Eye. Those wonderful works have already become matter of history, and are rapidly spreading their influence over the whole country. Any amount of unquestionable evidence can be readily furnished persons desiring information.

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General A. Austell, President National Bank, Atlanta, Ga.
Ex-Governor J. E. Brown, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. Dr. Jesse Boring, M. D., Professor Medical College, Atlanta, Ga.
Pemberton, Taylor & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.
I. P. Cox, President Baptist Female College, LaGrange, Georgia.
Rev. R. W. Fuller, Pastor First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Georgia.
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Rev. A. S. Worrell, Editor Baptist Sentinel and Pres. Lex. Female College, Ga.
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Rev. Dr. Shaver, Editor Index and Baptist, Atlanta, Ga.
W. A. Hemphill & Co., Proprietors Atlanta Constitution.

Infirmary on the corner of Collin and Baker streets. Office at Infirmary.

Bills for professional services, cash or its equivalent.

Persons writing on business will please inclose postage stamp.

For circulars, apply to
DR. W. A. HOOTEN,
or REV. J. F. HOOTEN,
June19-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

BRICK FOR SALE.

THE undersigned have at their kiln near Conyers, 125,000 first-class Brick now ready for delivery, which they will sell at low price, with a sufficient force of hands in the Yard to keep a constant supply. The Yard is conveniently located on the Georgia Railroad. Any order sent us for Brick will be promptly filled. A sample of our Brick can be seen at the store of Tommey & Stewart, Atlanta, Georgia; also, at J. J. Spencer's office, Railroad Agent, Covington, Georgia, a few days.

WM. GALLAWAY,
july17-dtf D. T. WHITE.

UNITED STATES MAIL STAGE,
FROM
ATLANTA TO DAHLONEGA,

LEAVES Atlanta Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A. M. Stage office in Atlanta, at the United States Hotel. This is a first-class hotel—proprietors and clerks always ready and willing to accommodate. Passengers stopping at other hotels are requested to register their names for seats by 6 o'clock, A. M., of mail days, and they will be furnished a ticket when registered. Baggage taken to and from the office free of charge.

JOHN CAIN, Jr., Proprietor.
Atlanta, July 5, 1870.

P. S.—Express packages taken to and from the office. All other packages desired to be sent by the Hack will be received and delivered at the Stage office and at McAfee, Kellogg & Co.'s store on Peachtree street.

I will also act as agent in reference to any land lots in Forsyth county. Address me at Cumming, Georgia. july1-dtf

BUILDING PAPER.

This is a hard, compact paper, like an ordinary book-cover, and is saturated with tar and used on the outside of frame buildings, under the clapboards, also under shingles and floors, to keep out damp, cold and heat. It is also used on the inside, not saturated, instead of Plastering, and makes a warm and cheap wall. It costs only from $8 to $30 (according to size) to cover houses on the outside. Samples and descriptive circular sent free.

Address: W. P. FITCH,
No. 2 North Street, Baltimore,
General Agent for the Southeast.
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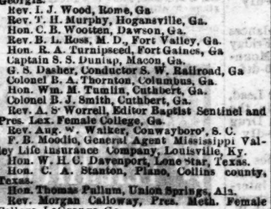

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.

A DELIGHTFUL TONIC

We take great pleasure in offering the
Old Carolina Bitters
to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopeia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS
Will be found invaluable for
Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH & WINEMAN & CO., Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals, jan25-dly Charleston, S. C.

BILL HEADS, LABELS, LETTER HEADS, and in fact every variety of Mercantile Printing done at THE CONSTITUTION office with dispatch.

Summer Resorts.

SWITZERLAND OR STOLEN,

ABOUT six weeks ago, a black and white Cow, small size and horns bored for hollow-horn. A liberal reward will be given for information of her whereabouts by the undersigned.

C. HUGHES,
Boot and Shoe Maker,
Pryor street.
july3-dtf

The Summer Attraction.

The McDowell House, Newnan, Ga.

A NEW Brick Hotel, well ventilated, and commodious. Good water, and the healthy climate. A retreat for invalids and the overworked merchants. Elegant farm, bountiful table, clean rooms. E. T. WHITE, Superintendent.
July3-dtf Newnan, Ga.

SEASON, 1870.

MONTVALE SPRINGS,
Blount County, East Tennessee.

THIS favorite Summer Resort for the invalid and pleasure-seeker will be open for the reception of visitors, JUNE 1st, 1870.

The most marked beneficial results attending the use of these waters, in functional derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and skin, and the cure of Chronic Diseases, attest the Medical Properties of these Waters.

Situated at the base of the Chilhowee Mountains, it presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and the pleasure-seeker, no less on account of its pure invigorating atmosphere and the beauty of the surrounding scenery, than of the Restorative Powers of its waters.

Such provision has been made for the Comfort of visitors, that the Proprietor confidently promises satisfaction to his guests.

Daily Coaches, with mail and passengers, run between Maryville, the terminus of the Railroad from Knoxville, and the Springs, distant nine miles, over good roads.

Board per day $2 50; per week $15 00; per month, $60 00.

Address, for descriptive pamphlets,
JOS. L. KING, Proprietor,
June15-d3m Knoxville, Tennessee.

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GENERAL
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
Terminus Texas Central Railroad.
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One Thousand Pounds
TURNIP SEEDS.

RUTA BAGA, White Top, Flat Dutch, Purple Top, Large White Globe, Yellow Aberdeen, Large Norfolk, and the celebrated SEVEN TOP, or "JOHNNY REB."

Prepare your land and plant Ruta Bagas early in July. Above Seeds at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Retail, $1 00 per pound, and mailed free on receipt of price.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
Dealer in Guano, Seeds, and Agricultural Implements,
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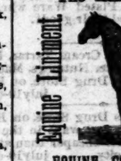
HORSE AND CATTLE
REMEDIES.

The Best and most Reliable ever offered to the Public.

The American Magnetic



Equine Liniment. Equine Ointment.

EQUINE CONDITION POWDERS

CERTIFICATE.

☞ I hereby certify that I have examined, and **thoroughly tested in my practice** the above articles, and regard them as preparations of **great merit** and would cordially recommend them as being prepared with **special care from reliable ingredients**, and more efficacious for the treatment of the various diseases for which they are designed, than **any remedies** of which I have knowledge.

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Purchasers will please ask for a copy of "Horse and Cattle Owner's Guide," gratis.

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WHOLESALE AGENTS,
And for Sale by all Druggists.
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COLQUITT & BAGGS,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
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sep30-dtf

A PORTION OF PREMIUM LIST
OFFERED BY
CENTRAL GEORGIA
Agricultural and Manufacturing
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FOR THEIR
FIRST FAIR,
TO BE HELD IN THE CITY OF MACON
From October 3d to the 8th, 1870.

GEORGIA RAISED TROTTING HORSES.

Fastest Trotting Horse, Mare or Gelding, raised in Georgia, any age, in harness, mile heats, best 3 in 5—
1st premium $300 00
2d premium 150 00
Fastest pair Georgia raised Trotting Horses, without regard to age or sex, mile heats, best 2 in 3—
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Best Stallion, 4 years old and upwards.... 50 00
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Best herd of six mules, owned by one man, 1st premium 50 00
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Best Mare or Gelding, any age or breed, 1st premium 50 00
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For the best 2 year old Mare or Gelding.... 10 00
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For the Fastest Trotting Horse that has never been 3 minutes, mile heats, best 3 in 5,